(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (UNAUDITED)

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018 together with the Independent Auditors' Review Report

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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License No. 46/11/323 issued 11/3/1992

Independent Auditors' Report On Review Of Interim Financial Statements

The Shareholders
Savola Group Company
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)
Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying September 30, 2018 condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Savola Group Company ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at September 30, 2018;
- the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the threemonth and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2018;
- the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018;
- the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018; and
- the notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity' as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying September 30, 2018 condensed consolidated interim financial statements of **Savola Group Company** and its subsidiaries are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

KPMG Al Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants

Ebrahim Oboud Baeshen License No. 382

Jeddah, Safar 28, 1440H Corresponding to November 6, 2018 CR 46 KPMG TO THE TOMEST OF THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS THE POMG AI FOZAN & Partners

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise	e stated)		
	<u>Note</u>	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
A COLETE		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		6,923,320	7,561,675
Goodwill		424,600	450,155
Investment property		33,644	30,613
Investment in equity accounted investees	4	8,165,569	7,924,389
Investments	5.1	385,127	471,507
Long term receivables		6,499	78,558
Derivative		4,159	10,240
Deferred tax asset		27,924	28,296
Total non-current assets		15,970,842	16,555,433
Current assets		2 620 006	2 125 502
Inventories Trade receivables		2,638,006 1,065,065	3,125,503
		1,426,455	970,618 1,219,472
Prepayments and other receivables Investments	5.2	1,420,433	1,219,472
Cash and cash equivalents	5.2	1,195,150	1,298,117
Cash and cash equivalents			
Assets classified as held for sale		6,325,478 33,961	6,613,710 39,677
Total current assets		6,359,439	6,653,387
TOTAL ASSETS		22,330,281	23,208,820
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY			
Share capital	-6	5,339,807	5,339,807
Share premium		342,974	342,974
Statutory reserve	7	1,774,085	1,774,085
General reserve		4,000	4,000
Fair value reserve		(217,025)	(108,649)
Effect of transactions with non-controlling interests		(107.070)	(1(1,500)
without change in control		(187,979) (1,756,282)	(161,598)
Foreign currency translation reserve		2,334,588	(1,260,509)
Retained earnings			2,898,756
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		7,634,168	8,828,866
Non-controlling interests		705,071	879,114
TOTAL EQUITY		8,339,239	9,707,980
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	8	3,261,809	3,529,434
Employee benefits	9	657,451	663,732
Deferred tax liability		69,395	66,568
Long term payables		208,659	210,436
Long term lease rentals		188,647	258,755
Derivative		171,707	159,979
Provision against asset restoration		99,377	98,078
Total non-current liabilities Current liabilities		4,657,045	4,986,982
Loans and borrowings	8	4,802,798	3,867,428
Trade payables	U	2,281,330	2,471,121
Current maturity of lease rentals		82,763	11,289
Accrued and other liabilities		2,167,106	2,164,020
Total current liabilities		9,333,997	8,513,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,991,042	13,500,840
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		22,330,281	23,208,820
The notes on pages from 8 to 38 form a	n integral na	rt of these condensed	

The notes on pages from 8 to 38 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

Continuing operations:	Note	Three-mon ended Sept 2018		Nine-mont ended Sept 2018	
Revenues	14	5,212,032	5,595,781	16,467,590	18,035,944
Cost of revenues	14	(4,280,034)	(4,541,991)	(13,560,233)	(14,801,984)
Gross profit		931,998	1,053,790	2,907,357	3,233,960
Share of results in investment in equity-accounted investees, net of					
zakat and tax and dividend income		206,819	254,320	555,750	591,667
Administrative expenses		(201,002)	(209,460)	(582,018)	(597,060)
Selling and distribution expenses		(767,915)	(818,401)	(2,416,704)	(2,518,743)
Results from operating activities		169,900	280,249	464,385	709,824
Finance income		14,323	33,970	50,139	107,917
Finance cost		(202,494)	(120,105)	(413,380)	(350,413)
Net finance cost		(188,171)	(86,135)	(363,241)	(242,496)
Gain on disposal of lease hold rights					68,143
Gain on disposal of investment	5		693,944	3,269	693,944
(Loss) / profit before zakat and income tax		(18,271)	888,058	104,413	1,229,415
Zakat and income tax expense	10	(16,280)	(24,802)	(51,756)	(82,714)
(Loss) / profit from continuing operations		(34,551)	863,256	52,657	1,146,701
Discontinued operation: Gain from discontinued operation, net of tax		_			15,605
Net (loss) / profit for the period		(34,551)	863,256	52,657	1,162,306
Other Comprehensive Income		(34,001)		32,031	1,102,500
-					
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss Foreign operations - foreign					
currency translation differences Investment in equity accounted investees - share of Other		(573,320)	(43,012)	(612,755)	(35,340)
Comprehensive Income		(27,462)	14,688	(55,866)	50,661
Cash flow hedges - effective portion of changes in fair value Investments at fair value through		4,023	(2,050)	9,118	(8,307)
other comprehensive income - net change in fair value		(22,518)	(34,803)	(61,628)	(98,084)
Other comprehensive (loss) / income		(619,277)	(65,177)	(721,131)	(91,070)
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period		(653,828)	79 8,079	(668,474)	1,071,236

The notes on pages from 8 to 38 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

	Note	Three-mon ended Sept 2018		Nine-mont ended Sept 2018	
(Loss) / profit for the period					
attributable to:		(50 505)	000 040	5 (00	1 062 121
Owners of the Company		(50,727)	829,040	5,609	1,063,131
Non-controlling interests		16,176	34,216	47,048	99,175
(Loss) / profit for the period		(34,551)	863,256	52,657	1,162,306
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		(554,443)	780,638	(598,540)	991,034
Non-controlling interests		(99,385)	17,441	(69,934)	80,202
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period		(653,828)	798,079	(668,474)	1,071,236
(Loss) / earnings per share attributable to the Owners of the Company (in Saudi Riyals): Basic and diluted	12	(0.09)	1.55	0.01	1.99
Dasic and diruted	12	(0.03)	1.55	0.01	= 1,55
(Loss) / earnings per share — Continuing operations attributable to the Owners of the Company (in Saudi Riyals):					
Basic and diluted	12	(0.09)	1.55	0.01	1.95
				•	

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company) SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

-		1	Equity attrib	utable to	the Shareho	Equity attributable to the Shareholders of the Parent Company	rent Compan	ly			
						Effect of transactions with non-controlling interests without	Foreign Currency		Total	Non-	
	Share capital	Share premium	Statutory reserve	General reserve	Fair value <u>reserve</u>	change in control	translation <u>reserve</u>	Retained earnings	shareholders' equity	controlling <u>interests</u>	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2018 - as previously reported	5,339,807	342,974	1,774,085	4,000	(108,649)	(161,598)	(1,260,509)	2,898,756	8,828,866	879,114	9,707,980
Adjustment from adoption of IFRS 9 (Note 17 (b))		1	B			I	I	(34,146)	(34,146)	(6,184)	(40,330)
Balance at January 1, 2018 - restated	5,339,807	342,974	1,774,085	4,000	(108,649)	(161,598)	(1,260,509)	2,864,610	8,794,720	872,930	9,667,650
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	ı	I	ı	1	I	1	I	5,609	5,609		52,657
Other commrehensive loss	1	1	I	l	(108,376)	1	(495,773)		709)	(1)	(721,131)
	1	;	-	1	(108,376)	1	(495,773)	5,609	(598,540)	(69,934)	(668,474)
Dividends	ľ	3	1	1	I	I	1.	(533,981)	(533,981)	(113,750)	(647,731)
Other changes / movements Acquisition of non- controlling interest	i	I	I	ŀ	ı	(15.825)	I	1	(15,825)	15,825	I
Directors' remuneration	1	ŀ	ł	1	I	·	1	(1,650)		I	(1,650)
Other changes	1	1	1	1	1	(10,556)	1		(10,556)	1	(10,556)
Balance at September 30, 2018	5,339,807	342,974	1,774,085	4,000	(217,025)	(187,979)	(1,756,282)	2,334,588	7,634,168	705,071	8,339,239

The notes on pages from 8 to 38 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

	Total	9,249,834	1,162,306 (91,070) 1,071,236	(112,448)	(34,913)	10,172,059
	Non- controlling	1,032,810	99,175 (18,973)	(112,448)	(34,913)	965,651
	Total shareholders'	8,217,024	1,063,131 (72,097) 991,034	I	- (1,650)	9,206,408
Equity attributable to the Shareholders of the Parent Company	Retained <u>earnings</u>	1,885,843	1,063,131	1	(1,650)	2,947,324
	Foreign Currency translation	(926,287)	- (20,476) (20,476)	3	3 1	(946,763)
	Effect of transactions with non-controlling interests without change in control	(171,375)	<u> </u>	1	4/1	(171,375)
	Fair value	(32,023)	- (51,621) (51,621)	I	1 1	(83,644)
butable to	General	4,000	1 3 1	1	1 1	4,000
Equity attri	Statutory	1,774,085	1 (1)	Ĭį.	£ 1	342,974 1,774,085
	Share	342,974	1 1	1	1 1	342,974
	Share	5,339,807	1 1	ţ	1 1	5,339,807
		Balance at January 1, 2017	Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period Net Profit for the period Other comprehensive loss	Dividends	Other changes / movements Deconsolidation of USCE (Note 1 & 4) Directors' remuneration Balance at Sentember 30.	2017

The notes on pages from 8 to 38 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	September 30, <u>2017</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net profit for the period	52,657	1,162,306
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	569,215	572,152
Net finance cost	363,241	242,496
Share of results in investment in equity accounted investees, net of	(=== ====)	(504 (65)
zakat and tax and dividend income	(555,750)	(591,667)
Gain on sale of discontinued operation	-	(30,482)
Gain on disposal of investment	(3,269)	(693,944)
Gain on disposal of leasehold rights		(68,143)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(4,981)	(1,228)
Provision for employee benefits	84,192	73,054
Zakat and income tax expense	51,756	82,714
	557,061	747,258
Changes in:	252.060	11 220
Inventories	253,969	11,320
Trade receivables	(308,928)	98,464
Prepayments and other receivables	(286,424)	(220,493)
Trade payables	(52,600)	(253,071)
Accrued and other liabilities	330,204	162,747
Cash generated from operating activities	493,282	546,225
Finance cost paid	(333,020)	(258,308)
Zakat and income tax paid	(82,666)	(76,829)
Employee benefits paid	(71,674)	(34,875)
Net cash from operating activities	5,922	176,213
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(249,717)	(357,419)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	7,129	83,679
Acquisition of investments		(70,781)
Dividends received	258,914	264,123
Net change in investments at fair value through profit or loss	(802)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	28,022	1,120,000
Proceeds from assets classified as held for sale	5,716	4.000.000
Net cash from investing activities	49,262	1,039,602
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net change in loans and borrowings - current	1,047,009	(327,143)
Net change in loans and borrowings - non-current	(259,720)	(635,775)
Dividends paid	(522,908)	(6,297)
Net change in deferred tax liability	3,438	3,753
Net changes in non-controlling interests	(113,750)	(112,448)
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	154,069	(1,077,910)

The notes on pages from 8 to 38 form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	September 30, <u>2017</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Effect of movement in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	209,253 (301,674)	137,905 (23,624)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period Adjustment from adoption of IFRS 9 (Note 17(b))	1,298,117 (10,546)	1,404,750
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period - for cash flow purposes	1,195,150	1,519,031
Supplemental schedule of non-cash financial information:		
Fair value reserve	(108,376)	(55,730)
Foreign currency translation reserve	(612,755)	(35,340)
Effect of transactions with non-controlling interest without change		
in control	(26,381)	
Directors' remuneration	(1,650)	(1,650)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Savola Group Company is a Saudi Joint Stock Company registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under Commercial Registration No. 4030019708 issued in Jeddah on Rajab 21, 1399H (corresponding to June 16, 1979). The Company was formed under the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia per Royal Decree number M/21 dated Rabi-ul-Awal 29, 1398H (March 9, 1978).

The Company's registered office is located at the following address:

Savola Tower, The Headquarter Business Park, Prince Faisal Bin Fahad Street, Jeddah 23511-7333, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

These accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the financial statements of Savola Group Company (the "Company" (or) the "Parent Company") and its local and foreign subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group"), collectively involved in the manufacturing and sale of vegetable oils and to set up related industries, retail outlets, dairy products, fast foods, exports and imports, commercial contracting, trade agencies, development of agricultural products and real estate related investment activities.

At September 30, 2018, the Company had investments in the following subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"):

(I) Direct subsidiaries of the Company

i) Operating subsidiaries Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business activity	Direct ov interes September 30, 2018	st (%)
Savola Foods Company ("SFC")	Saudi Arabia	Foods	100	100
Panda Retail Company ("Panda")	Saudi Arabia	Retail	97.55	91
Al Matoun International for Real Estate Investment Holding Company	Saudi Arabia	Real Estate	80	80
Herfy Food Services Company	Saudi Arabia	Restaurant & manufacturing bakery products	49	49
Giant Stores Trading Company ("Giant")**	Saudi Arabia	Retail	10	10

^{*} During the period ended June 30, 2018, the shareholders of Panda resolved in the Extraordinary General Meeting to absorb the accumulated losses by SR 625 million and to increase the capital by SR 1 billion in order to finance the future operations of the company. The Parent Company financed the entire SR 1 billion resulting in the increase in its direct ownership interest in Panda.

^{**} Group holds controlling equity ownership interest in Giant through indirect shareholding of Panda. During December 2017, the Company entered into a Shares Sale/Purchase Agreement with Panda to transfer its 10% ownership interest in Giant at mutually agreed price. The legal formalities of the transfer have not been completed.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

(I) Direct subsidiaries of the Company (continued)

ii) Dormant and Holding subsidiaries

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business <u>activity</u>	Direct ov <u>interes</u> September 30, 2018	st (%)
Adeem Arabia Company Limited (Adeem)*	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	100
(Adeem)	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	100
Al Utur Arabian Company for Commercial Investment	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	100
Al Mojammat Al Mowahadah Real Estate Company (under liquidation)	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	100
Madarek Investment Company	Jordan	Holding company	100	100
United Properties Development Company	Saudi Arabia	Dormant company	100	100
Good Food Company Limited**	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	
Savola Industrial Investment Company ("SIIC") ***	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	5	5

^{*} During 2017, the Company acquired remaining 20% ownership interest in Adeem for a consideration amounting to SR 52.29 million resulting in the increase in Group's ownership interest to 100%. The transaction resulted into an acquisition without change in control and the resulting gain amounting to SR 9.77 million was recorded in equity under "Effect of transactions with non-controlling interests without change in control".

(II) Savola Foods Company

The Parent Company has a 100% (December 31, 2017: 100%) ownership interest in Savola Foods Company ("SFC"), which was incorporated as a closed Saudi joint stock company pursuant to Ministerial Resolution No. 236/G dated Dhul Qadah 21, 1435H (September 16, 2014). Prior to its conversion to a closed joint stock company, SFC was operating as a limited liability company registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under commercial registration number 4030180782 issued in Jeddah on Rajab 05,1429H (July 08, 2008).

The principle objective of SFC is to deal in wholesale and retail trading of food items. SFC through its direct and indirect subsidiaries is engaged in the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of products including edible oil, pasta, sugar, seafood, confectionery, and agro cultivation, in the local and overseas market.

^{**} During the period ended June 30, 2018, the Company signed a Share Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") for the acquisition of 51% of Al Kabeer Group of companies for SR 565.5 million. The completion of the share sale under the Agreement is expected to be finalized by the year end.

^{***} Group holds controlling equity ownership interest in SIIC through indirect shareholding of SFC. Further, during 2017, the Company entered into a Shares Sale/Purchase Agreement with SFC to transfer its 5% ownership in SIIC at mutually agreed price. The legal formalities of the transfer have not been completed.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

(II) Savola Foods Company (continued)

Subsidiaries controlled through Savola Foods Company:

	Country of	Principal business	Direct ow	
Subsidiary name	incorporation	activity	interes September 30, 2018	
Afia International Company ("AIC")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of edible oils	95.19	95.19
Savola Industrial Investment Company ("SIIC")	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	95	95
El Maleka for Food Industries Company	Egypt	Manufacturing of pasta	100	100
El Farasha for Food Industries Company	Egypt	Manufacturing of pasta	100	100
Savola Foods Emerging Markets Company Limited	British Virgin Islands (BVI)	Holding company	95.43	95.43
Afia International Distribution and Marketing Company	Saudi Arabia	Trading and distribution	99	99
Savola Foods for Sugar Company	Cayman Islands	Holding company	95	95
Savola Foods Company International Limited	United Arab Emirates (UAE)	Holding company	100	100
International Foods Industries Company Limited ("IFI")*	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of specialty fats	100	75
Seafood International Two FZCO	UAE	Seafood products trading and distribution	60	60
Afia Foods Arabia	Saudi Arabia	Dormant company	100	100
Al Maoun International Holding Company	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	100
Marasina International Real Estate Investment Limited	Saudi Arabia	Holding company	100	100

^{*} During 2017, SFC decided to inject additional capital of SR 77 million in its subsidiary, IFI. The related legal formalities were completed during the period ended June 30, 2018. Consequently, SFC's ownership in IFI increased from 75% to 93%.

In April 2018, SFC entered into a Share Sales and Purchase Agreement with the other shareholder of IFI for the purchase of 750,000 shares in IFI, representing 7% of the share capital, at a purchase price of SR 7.5 million. The related legal formalities for the transfer of shares were completed during the third quarter of 2018. Consequently, SFC's ownership in IFI increased to 100%.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

(II) Savola Foods Company (continued)

a) Subsidiaries controlled through Afia International Company:

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business <u>activity</u>	Direct ow interes September 30, 2018	<u>t (%)</u>
Savola Behshahr Company ("SBeC")	Iran	Holding company	90	90
Malintra Holdings	Luxembourg	Dormant company	100	100
Savola Foods Limited ("SFL")	BVI	Holding company	100	100
Afia International Company – Jordan	Jordan	Dormant company	97.4	97.4
Inveskz Inc.	BVI	Dormant company	90	90
Afia Trading International	BVI	Dormant company	100	100
Savola Foods International	BVI	Dormant company	100	100
KUGU Gida Yatum Ve Ticaret A.S ("KUGU")	Turkey	Holding company	100	100
Aseel Food – Hold Co.	Cayman Island	Holding company	100	100
<u>SBeC</u>				
Behshahr Industrial Company	Iran	Manufacturing of edible oils	79.9	79.9
Tolue Pakshe Aftab Company	Iran	Trading and distribution	100	100
Savola Behshahr Sugar Company	Iran	Trading and distribution	100	100
Notrika Golden Wheat Company SFL	Iran	Manufacturing of Food and confectionery	90	90
Afia International Company, Egypt	Egypt	Manufacturing of edible oils	99.95	99.95
Latimar International Limited	BVI	Dormant company	100	100
Elington International Limited	BVI	Dormant company	100	100
KUGU				
Savola Gida Sanayi Ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi (Formerly Yudum Gida Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S)	Turkey	Manufacturing of edible oils	100	100

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

(II) Savola Foods Company (continued)

b) Subsidiaries controlled through Savola Industrial Investment Company:

C-haidiaw nama	Country of incorporation	Principal business activity	Direct ownership interest (%)	
Subsidiary name	incor por ation	activity	September 30, 2018	
United Sugar Company ("USC")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of sugar	74.48	74.48
<u>USC</u>				
Alexandria Sugar Company, Egypt ("ASCE")*	Egypt	Manufacturing of sugar	62.13	62.13
Beet Sugar Industries	Cayman Islands	Dormant company	100	100
ASCE				
Alexandria United Company for Land Reclamation	Egypt	Agro cultivation	100	100
c) Subsidiaries controlle	d through Savola F	oods Emerging Mark	ets Company	Limited:
Savola Morocco Company	Morocco	Manufacturing of edible oils	100	100
Savola Edible Oils (Sudan) Ltd.	Sudan	Manufacturing of edible oils	100	100
Afia International Company – Algeria	Algeria	Manufacturing of edible oils	100	100
d) Subsidiary controlled	through Savola Fo	ods Company Interna	tional Limited	1 :
Modern Behtaam Royan Kaveh Company	Iran	Food and confectionery	100	100
e) Subsidiary controlled	through Al Maour	and Marasina		
Alofog Trading DMMC	UAE	Trading and distribution	100	100

^{*} The effective ownership interest in ASCE is 68% (December 31, 2017: 68%).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)**

(III) Panda Retail Company

The Parent Company has a 97.55% (December 31, 2017: 91%) ownership interest in Panda Retail Company ("Panda"), which was incorporated as a closed Saudi joint stock company pursuant to Ministerial Resolution No. 235/G dated Rajab 22, 1431H (July 3, 2010). Prior to its conversion to a closed joint stock company, Panda was operating as a limited liability company registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under commercial registration number 1010137417 issued in Riyadh on Rabi-ul-Awal 1, 1416H (July 28, 1995).

Panda together with its subsidiaries is principally engaged in wholesale and retail trading in food supplies and consumable materials. Panda Group operates through its network of hypermarkets, supermarkets and convenience stores.

Subsidiaries controlled through Panda:

Subsidiary name	Country of Principal business incorporation activity		Direct ownership interest (%) September December 30, 2018 31, 2017	
			50, 2010	51, 2017
Giant Stores Trading Company	Saudi Arabia	Retail	90	90
Panda for Operations, Maintenance and Contracting Services	Saudi Arabia	Services and maintenance	100	100
Panda International for Retail Trading	Egypt	Retail	100	100
Panda International Retail Trading	UAE	Dormant Company	100	100
Panda Bakeries Company	Saudi Arabia	Bakery	100	100
Giant				
Lebanese Sweets and Bakeries	Saudi Arabia	Dormant company	95	95

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of compliance

The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards for Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants (SOCPA) and should be read in conjunction with the Group's last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017 ("last annual financial statements").

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

a) Statement of compliance (continued)

These financial statements do not include all of the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements, however, accounting policies and selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since last annual financial statements. This is the first set of the Group's financial statements in which IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" have been applied and the resultant changes to the significant accounting policies are described in Note 17.

i) Accounting convention / Basis of Measurement

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, going concern concept and under the historical cost basis, except for firm commitments and inventory under fair value hedging relationship, derivative financial instruments and employee benefits which are recognised at the present value of future obligation using the Projected Unit Method. Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

ii) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Saudi Riyals (SR) which is the Company's functional currency.

b) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation of uncertainty were the same as those described in the last annual consolidated financial statements except for the significant judgement and key sources of estimation of uncertainty related to the application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 which are described in Note 17.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied in these condensed consolidated interim financial statement are the same as those applied in the Group's annual consolidated financial statement as at and for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Group has adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers from January 1, 2018. The effect of application of these standards has been fully explained in Note 17. A number of other new standards and amendments are effective from January 1, 2018, but these do not have a material effect on the Group financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

4. INVESTMENT IN EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEES

The details of the Group's investment in equity accounted investees are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Principal business <u>sector</u>	Country of incorporation	Owne interes September 30, 2018	st (%)	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Almarai Company	Fresh food products	Saudi Arabia	34.52	34.52	7,194,546	6,942,521
Kinan International for Real Estate Development Company	Real Estate Sugar	Saudi Arabia	29.9	29.9	517,359	506,513
USCE *	Manufacturing	Egypt	33.82	33.82	231,376	246,449
Al-Seera City Company for Real Estate Development	Real Estate	Saudi Arabia	40	40	147,597	147,597
United Edible Oils Holding Limited	Holding Company	Cayman Islands	51	51	58,421	65,039
Knowledge Economic City Developers Company	Real Estate	Saudi Arabia	2.07	2.07	16,270	16,270
					8,165,569	7,924,389

^{*} During March 2016 as part of the Group's strategic assessment of its core operations; the Group's and other shareholders' of USCE signed a Shareholders' Agreement to increase the paid up share capital of USCE in the form of participation by a new shareholder, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development ("EBRD").

On March 28, 2017, consequent to completion of all legal formalities; ownership of the Group in USCE was diluted after the issuance of new shares, resulting in the loss of control over USCE and accordingly, deconsolidated from the books of the Group resulting in the recognition of a net gain amounting to SR 30.48 million in the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. This gain is the net of the put and call options valuing SR 99.73 million, which entitles EBRD to sell USCE shares to the shareholders at the agreed price as per the Put and Call option agreement ("the Agreement") during the period stipulated in the agreement.

Further, at reporting date, the put and call options had been re-measured at fair value using "Black Scholes" model and changes therein have been recognised under finance cost amounting to SR 11.73 million (December 31, 2017: SR 60.25 million) and SR 6.08 million (December 31, 2017: SR 10.24 million income), respectively.

The Group continues to have significant influence over the strategic, operational and financial activities of USCE and the Group's retained effective ownership interest of 33.82% in USCE is recognized as 'investment in equity accounted investees' at fair value as at the date of the transaction.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

5. **INVESTMENTS**

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, 2017
Investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income / (December 31, 2017: Available for sale		
investments) (note 5.1)	385,127	471,507
Investment at fair value through profit or loss (note 5.2)	802	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	385,929	471,507

5.1 Investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income (December 31, 2017: Available for sale investments)

	Principal		_			
	business	Country of	Owne	-		
	<u>sector</u>	<u>incorporation</u>	interes	st (%)		
			September	December	September	December
			30, 2018	<u>31, 2017</u>	30, 2018	<u>31, 2017</u>
Quoted investments						
Knowledge Economic City	Real Estate	Saudi Arabia	6.4	6.4	246,739	278,667
Emaar the Economic City	Real Estate	Saudi Arabia	0.9	0.9	70,714	100,413
Taameer Jordan Holding		Kingdom of				
Company	Real Estate	Jordan	5	5		
Unquoted investments						
	Investment					
Swicorp, Saudi Arabia	Management	Saudi Arabia	15	15	67,674	67,674
	Holding					
Joussour Holding Company	Company	Saudi Arabia	14.81	14.81	-	
Dar Al Tamleek (Note 'a'						
below)	Real Estate	Saudi Arabia		5		24,753
-					385,127	471,507

⁽a) In January 2018, the Company sold its ownership interest in Dar Al Tamleek for SR 28.02 million and realised a gain amounting to SR 3.27 million.

6. **SHARE CAPITAL**

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Group's share capital of SR 5.3 billion consists of 533.981 million fully paid shares of SR 10 each.

This represents investment made by one of the Group's local subsidiary in commodity mutual 5.2 funds. As at September 30, 2018, an unrealised gain of SR 2.1 thousand (September 30, 2017: SR Nil) has been recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss for the period.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

7. STATUTORY RESERVE

In accordance with the Company's bylaws and the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the Company transfers 10% of the net income for the year to a statutory reserve until such reserve equals 30% of its share capital. Since the Company has reached the required reserve level, therefore, no additional transfers are required to be made.

The statutory reserve in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements is the statutory reserve of the Company. This reserve currently is not available for distribution to the shareholders of the Company.

8. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

The following information reflects the contractual terms of the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings, which are measured at amortized cost:

	September 30,	December 31,
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Non-current liabilities		4 < 0 = 00
Secured bank loans	157,677	162,550
Unsecured bond issues (Sukuk) (note 8.2)	1,500,000	1,500,000
Unsecured bank loans	1,604,132	1,866,884
	3,261,809	3,529,434
Current liabilities		
Current portion of secured bank loans	25,583	35,322
Current portion of unsecured bank loans	1,194,674	843,109
Secured bank loan	184,146	221,585
Unsecured bank loans	3,301,025	2,664,825
Bank overdraft	97,370	102,587
	4,802,798	3,867,428
	8,064,607	7,396,862

- 8.1 These represent borrowings obtained from commercial banks and other financial institutions by the Parent Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. These borrowings are in Saudi Riyals, Egyptian Pounds, Iranian Riyals, US Dollars, Algerian Dinar, Turkish Lira and Sudanese Pounds. Certain of these borrowings are secured by a charge on the property, plant and equipment of certain subsidiaries. The loan agreements include covenants which, amongst other things, require certain financial ratios to be maintained. Some of the borrowings of subsidiaries are secured by corporate guarantees of the Parent Company.
- 8.2 On January 22, 2013, the Group completed its initial offering by issuing Sukuk with a total value of SR 1.5 billion with a tenor of 7 years and carrying an expected variable return to the Sukukholders of 6 months SIBOR plus 1.10% payable semi-annually. The covenants require certain financial and other conditions to be complied during the tenure.
- 8.3 Property, plant and equipment amounting to SR 529.15 million (December 31, 2017: SR 435.35 million) of certain subsidiaries of the Group are pledged as collateral with commercial banks.
- 8.4 Inventories amounting to SR 111 million (December 31, 2017: SR 43 million) are pledged with foreign banks as collateral against the bank borrowing facilities of certain foreign subsidiaries.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

9. <u>EMPLOYEE BENEFITS</u>

2017, as follows:

Future salary growth / Expected rate of salary increase

Employee turnover / withdrawal rates

Discount rate

Mortality rate

Retirement age

General Description of the plan

The Group operates an approved unfunded employees' end of service benefits scheme / plan for its permanent employees as required by the Saudi Arabian Labour law and in accordance with the local statutory requirements of the foreign subsidiaries.

The amount recognized in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position is determined as follows:

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Present value of defined benefit obligation	657,451	663,732
Movement in net defined benefit liability		
Net defined benefit liability comprises only of defined benefit obligation during the period / year is as follows:	efit plans. The mover	ment in the defined
	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of period/year	663,732	609,251
Included in profit or loss		
Current service cost	65,509	81,706
Interest cost	18,683	22,950
	84,192	104,656
Included in other comprehensive income Re-measurement loss:		
Actuarial loss		13,746
Effect of movement in exchange rates	(18,799)	(8,443)
Benefits paid	(71,674)	(56,386)
Adjustment related to transferred employees		908
Balance at end of period/year	657,451	663,732
Actuarial assumptions		¥

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation ranges between 4.5 to 9.65 years.

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date are the same as used as at December 31,

4% - 20.25%

0.1% - 0.5%

6% - 21%

6% - 17%

60 years

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

10. ZAKAT AND INCOME TAXES

(a) Zakat status

The Company has finalised its Zakat status up to the year 1998. The Company has an ongoing objection against the Zakat assessment issued by the General Authority of Zakat and Income Tax (GAZT) for the years 1999 and 2000 which showed Zakat differences of SR 1.9 million.

The assessments for the years 2001 to 2004 have also been finalized. For the years 2005 to 2012, GAZT conducted a field audit on the Company's accounts and claimed additional Zakat difference of SR 85.8 million. The Company has objected the GAZT claim. The Company also filed the Zakat returns for the years 2013 to 2017.

The Company's Saudi subsidiaries received final zakat certificates for certain years and provisional zakat certificates for other years. They have also received queries from the GAZT for the open years, for which replies have been / will be filed by the respective companies. Some Saudi subsidiaries received assessments from the GAZT concerning their zakat declarations for the years 2005 to 2012, in which the GAZT assessed additional zakat liabilities of approximately SR 9.5 million (December 31, 2017: SR 17.7 million). The subsidiaries have appealed against such additional assessments.

(b) Income tax status

The Group's foreign subsidiaries are obliged to pay income tax as per applicable tax laws of their countries of incorporation. Some of the foreign subsidiaries are currently tax exempt. Tax paying foreign subsidiaries determine their liabilities based on applicable corporate rates to the adjusted taxable income for the year. Certain foreign subsidiaries are also obliged to pay quarterly advance tax determined on prior year tax liability bases.

Certain foreign subsidiaries have received final tax assessments for certain years and provisional tax assessments for other years. They have also received queries from departments of income tax after their assessment or inspections for open years, for which replies have been filed.

The Group management believes that there are no significant amounts under protest with departments of income tax in any foreign operation.

11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
	Amounts i	
Letters of credit	49	91
Bank guarantees	249	239
Corporate guarantee	102	102
Commitments to buy raw sugar	342	345
Commitments to sell refined sugar	701	694
Capital commitments	39	257
	Quantity in N	Metric tonnes
Commitments to buy raw sugar	325,221	262,300
Commitments to sell raw sugar	397,781	360,478

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share for the period ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 have been computed by dividing the net profit and profit from continuing operations attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company for such periods by the weighted average number of shares outstanding 533.981 million (September 30, 2017: 533.981 million) during such periods.

Diluted earnings per share for the period ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017, have been computed by dividing the net profit and profit from continuing operations attributable to shareholders of the Parent Company for such periods by the weighted average number of shares outstanding adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. However, in the absence of any convertible liability, the diluted earnings per share does not differ from the basic earnings per share.

13. RELATED PARTIES

Related parties include the Group's shareholders, associates and affiliated companies, other entities related to certain consolidated subsidiaries and key management personnel of the Group. Terms and conditions of these transactions are approved by the Group's management.

Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation

Compensation to the Group's key management personnel includes salaries, non-cash benefits, and post-employment benefits. The Group has recognized an expense of SR 23.75 million for the period ended September 30, 2018 (September 30, 2017: SR 12.07 million).

Board of Directors' remuneration for the period ended September 30, 2018 amounting to SR 1.65 million (September 30, 2017: SR 1.65 million) has been calculated in accordance with the Company's By-laws and is considered as appropriation shown in the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity. Attendance allowances and other expenses to the directors and members of various board committees amounting to SR 2.03 million (September 30, 2017: SR 2.02 million) are charged to expenses and included under administrative expenses.

Other related party transactions

A number of companies transacted with the Group during the period. The terms and conditions of these transactions were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available, in similar transactions with non-key management personnel related companies on arm's length basis.

All outstanding balances with these related parties are priced on an arm's length basis and are to be settled in cash within agreed credit period from the date of transaction. None of the balances are secured. No expense has been recognized in the current or prior period for bad or doubtful debts in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

13. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

The aggregate value of related parties' transactions and outstanding balances including those related to key management personnel, and entities over which they have control or significant influence are as follows:

Name	Relationship	Nature of ransactions	Amount of transactions September 30 2018 2017		Closing balance September December 30, 2018 31, 2017	
Due from related parties	– Trade receivable	<u>es</u>				
Certain shareholders of USC Certain shareholders of	Shareholders of a subsidiary Shareholders of	Trade	139,562	236,884	28,723	31,054
AIC	a subsidiary	Trade	49,580	65,824	18,141	9,129
Almarai	Associate	Trade	63,203	84,637	6,744	6,866
Abdul Kader Al Muhaidib & Sons Co.	Shareholder	Trade		1,736	_	
Others			52	124	1,829	3,525
					55,437	50,574
Due from related parties						
Kinan (Note 13.1)	Associate	Non-trade	43,640	43,248	162,281	82,363
Seafood International One	Associate	Non-trade	9,589	12,667	6,039	14,907
Seafood International Holdco.	Joint venture	Non-trade	_	6,011	6,011	6,011
Bonus Foods Company Limited	Associate	Non-trade	1,258		2,362	1,104
Abdul Kader Al Muhaidib & Sons Co.	Shareholder	Non-trade	5,087	6,213	1,429	
Del Monte Saudi Arabia Limited	Affiliate	Non-trade	2,363	2,562	862	150
Arabian Centers Company	Shareholder of a subsidiary	Non-trade	32,926	32,885	1,265	
USCE	Associate	Non-trade	2,212	11,303	1,656 181,905	168 104,703

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

13. RELATED PARTIES (continued)

<u>Name</u>	Relationship	Nature of transactions	Amou transa Septem 2018	ctions	Closing by September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	
<u>Due from related party – Long-term receivables</u>							
Kinan (Note 13.1)	Associate	Non-trade	STA			69,075	
						69,075	
<u>Due to related parties – Tr</u>	rade payables						
Almarai	Associate	Trade	562,734	457,777	89,253	97,536	
Mayar Food Company	Affiliate	Trade	105,842	174,078	22,598	57,080	
Nestle Saudi Arabia Limited	Affiliate	Trade	285,509	250,113	22,143	40,453	
USCE	Associate	Trade	20,625	21,006		·	
Del Monte Saudi Arabia Limited	Affiliate	Trade	66,949	65,683	6,404	4,468	
Al Mehbaj Al Shamiyah Trading Company	Affiliate	Trade	13,479	7,509	4,359	4,181	
Al Manhal Water Factory Company Limited	Affiliate	Trade	11,000	16,614	1,722	2,587	
Others					-	343	
					146,479	206,648	
Due to related parties - a	ccrued and other li	<u>abilities</u>				· · · · ·	
Arabian Centers Company	Shareholder of a subsidiary	Non-trade	_			8,221	
USCE	Associate	Non-trade	63,748	31,575			
Abdul Kader Al Muhaidib & Sons Co.	Shareholder	Non-trade	, 	, 		266	
Others	DIMI VIIVIUVI	I TOLK MINNEY	193	274	326	1,791	
Ollicis			1/3	217	326	10,278	

13.1 In September 2014, the Parent Company sold its direct and indirect ownership interest in Diyar Al Mashreq (Masharef Project) to its associate Kinan at a total consideration of SR 593.6 million, receivable in four installments until November 2017. During 2017, an agreement was signed between the parties whereby the receivable balance of SR 153.97 million was rescheduled and agreed to be settled in 2 installments amounting to SR 79.70 million and SR 74.27 million on December 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019 respectively. The due from related parties balances as disclosed above includes these receivable balances which are reported at the present values of the installment amounts.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

14. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group has four reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units offer different products and services, and are managed separately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Group's Chief Executive Officer (Chief Operating Decision Maker) reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Food processing - includes manufacturing, sale and distribution of Edible oils, Sugar, Pasta and food products.

Retail - includes hyper markets, super markets and convenience stores operations.

Food services - includes food products and fast food restaurants' chain operated by Herfy.

Investments - includes real estate activities, investments in associates, available-for-sale investments and other investments.

The segments which do not meet any of the quantitative thresholds for determining reportable segments in 2018 and 2017, are classified as "Others / Eliminations", which mainly include the eliminations.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit net of income tax and zakat, as included in the internal management reports. Management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries. Intersegment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

	Reportable Segments						
•	Food		Food	*-	Discontinued	Others /	
September 30, 2018	Processing	Retail	<u>services</u>	<u>Investments</u>	<u>operations</u>	Eliminations	<u>Total</u>
External revenues	7,337,082	8,248,559	881,949				16,467,590
Inter segment revenue	237,449	2,516	20,125	34,094		(294,184)	
Segment Revenue	7,574,531	8,251,075	902,074	34,094		(294,184)	16,467,590
Cost of revenues	(6,564,075)	(6,606,055)	(647,676)			257,573	(13,560,233)
Segment net profit / (loss)	99,095	(631,996)	151,738	429,853		(43,081)	5,609
Segment assets	6,844,282	5,094,090	1,407,546	13,254,974		(4,270,611)	22,330,281
Segment liabilities	4,517,176	4,404,450	526,671	5,270,316		(727,571)	13,991,042
· ·							
		Rep	ortable Segn	nents			
	Food		Food		Discontinued	Others /	
September 30, 2017	Processing	<u>Retail</u>	services	<u>Investments</u>	<u>operations</u>	Eliminations	<u>Total</u>
External revenues	8,542,176	8,655,691	838,077				18,035,944
Inter segment revenue	256,692	3,337	20,757	34,757		(315,543)	155
Segment Revenue	8,798,868	8,659,028	858,834	34,757		(315,543)	18,035,944
Cost of revenues	(7,483,697)	(6,985,882)	(606,491)			274,086	(14,801,984)
Segment net profit / (loss)	393,044	(608,458)	152,152	1,137,360	15,605	(26,572)	1,063,131
1 ,							
December 31, 2017							
December 31, 2017 Segment assets	8,230,219	5,426,297	1,390,677	13,039,070		(4,877,443)	23,208,820
December 31, 2017 Segment assets Segment liabilities	8,230,219 5,006,660	5,426,297	1,390,677	13,039,070 3,841,310		(4,877,443) (975,102)	23,208,820

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value and cash flow interest rate risks and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management framework

Risk management is carried out by senior management under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Senior management identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The most important types of risk are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The executive management team is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The team regularly meets and any changes and compliance issues are reported to the Board of Directors through the audit committee.

Risk management systems are reviewed regularly by the executive management team to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities.

The audit committee oversees compliance by management with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

Financial instruments carried on the condensed consolidated statement of financial position include cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, investments, long term receivables, borrowings, derivatives, accounts payable and accrued and other current liabilities. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Financial asset and liability is offset and net amounts reported in the financial statements, when the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and liability simultaneously.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risks are the exposures to various risks associated with the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing interest rates on the Group's financial positions and cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Group's interest rate risks arise mainly from its borrowings and short-term deposits, which are at floating rate of interest and are subject to re-pricing on a regular basis and for which the management closely monitors the changes in interest rates.

The interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing financial instruments as reported to the management of the Group is as follows:

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, <u>2017</u>
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets	425,644	471,882
Financial liabilities	208,237	255,276
Variable rate instruments		
Financial assets	81,292	267,792
Financial liabilities	7,856,370	7,141,586

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates for its transactions principally in Saudi Riyals, US Dollars, Iranian Riyals, Egyptian Pounds, Sudanese Pounds and Turkish Lira. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Group's investments in foreign subsidiaries and associates, whose net assets are exposed to currency translation risk. Currently, such exposures are mainly related to exchange rate movements between foreign currencies against Iranian Riyals, Egyptian Pounds, Sudanese Pounds and Turkish Lira. Such fluctuations are recorded as a separate component of equity in the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The Group's management monitors such fluctuations and manages its effect on the condensed consolidated interim financial statements accordingly.

Generally, borrowings are denominated in currencies that match the cash flows generated by the underlying operations of the Group. In addition, interest on borrowings is denominated in the currency of the borrowings. This provides an economic hedge without derivatives being entered into and therefore hedge accounting is not applied in these circumstances.

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(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Following is the gross financial position exposure (in thousands) classified into separate foreign currencies:

			Egyptian	Sudanese	
	US Dollars	Iranian Riyals	Pounds	Pounds	Turkish Lira
September 30, 2018					
Trade receivables	22,365	707,120,190	770,797	51,897	174,503
Other receivables	3,027	621,007,360	280,821	48,120	46,774
Cash and cash					
equivalents	<u>29,768</u>	4,327,544,950	282,751	316,250	8,362
	55,160	5,655,672,500	1,334,369	416,267	229,639
Trade payables	(12,958)	(1,358,191,791)	(402,026)	(33,813)	(96,298)
Other payables	(1,019)	(3,306,666,202)	(641,987)	(69,380)	(6,854)
Loans and	(0.1.5.16)	(4.40.004.005)	(2.052.600)	(45(050)	(106.004)
borrowings	(84,546)	(140,381,886)	(2,953,699)	(476,859)	(196,094)
	(98,523)	(4,805,239,879)	(3,997,712)	(580,052)	(299,246)
		0.00 100 601	(0.660.040)	(1/0 805)	((0, (05)
Net exposure	(43,363)	850,432,621	(2,663,343)	(163,785)	(69,607)
December 31, 2017					
Trade receivables	17,488	1,098,444,415	462,406	129,997	140,149
Other receivables	1,281	756,816,731	193,500	20,673	27,447
Cash and cash	20.060	< 000 040 100	100 546	120.007	1 079
equivalents	39,969	6,030,049,102	177,546	129,997	1,978
	58,738	7,885,310,248	833,452	280,667	169,574
Trade payables	(17,123)	(3,612,122,638)	(256,061)	(25,232)	(101,310)
Other payables	(234)	(547,387,226)	(620,176)	(53,871)	(3,428)
Loans and					
borrowings	(206,329)	(389,052,630)	(2,679,191)	(325,884)	(99,917)
	(223,686)	(4,548,562,494)	(3,555,428)	(404,987)	(204,655)
Net exposure	(164,948)	3,336,747,754	(2,721,976)	(124,320)	(35,081)

Significant exchange rates applied during the period were as follows:

	Average rate		Spot rate		
	For the period ended September 30,		As at		
	<u>2018</u>	2017	September 30, 2018	December 31, <u>2017</u>	
Foreign currency per					
Saudi Riyal					
US Dollars	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	
Iranian Riyals	14,260	8,747	22,667	11,320	
Egyptian Pounds	4.76	4.76	4.79	4.74	
Sudanese Pounds	11.11	5.18	13	7.40	
Turkish Lira	1.42	0.94	1.59	1.01	

The Group's investment in foreign subsidiaries are not hedged.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Price risk

The risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market. The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because Group holds investment in certain listed equities which are classified on the statement of financial position as available-for-sale investments. The management of the Group monitors the proportion of equity securities in its investment portfolio based on market indices. Such investments are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Investment Committee. In addition, United Sugar Company uses derivative financial instruments (Commodity future contracts) to hedge its price risk of raw material in the Sugar business.

Further, as disclosed in Note 4, the put and call option are periodically valued based on Black Scholes' model using certain assumptions including the sugar prices; the fluctuations of which affects the valuations.

Details of the Group's investment portfolio exposed to price risk, at the reporting date are disclosed in note 5 to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. As at September 30, 2018, the Company's overall exposure to price risk is limited to the fair value of those positions.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk. To reduce exposure to credit risk, the Group has an approval process whereby credit limits are applied to its customers. The management also continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the customers and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery which is based on customer profile and payments history. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. In order to cater the credit risk from debtors, the Group has also entered into insurance arrangements in certain geographies.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, 2017
Financial assets		
Long term receivables	6,499	78,558
Trade receivables	1,065,065	970,618
Other receivables	616,698	357,501
Derivatives	64,175	64,387
Investment at fair value through profit or loss	802	
Bank balances	1,088,189	1,265,128
	2,841,428	2,736,192

Trade and other receivables are carried net of provision for doubtful debts.

As at the reporting date, receivable overdue for more than six months amounting to SR 114.6 million (December 31, 2017: SR 121.05 million). The total allowance for credit losses at September 30, 2018 amounted to SR 111.46 million (December 31, 2017: SR 80.23 million). There were no past due or impaired receivables from related parties as at September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Concentration Risk

The sector wise analysis of receivables, comprising trade and long term receivables is given below:

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, 2017
Wholesale / Retail	784,257	758,504
Manufacturing	215,229	177,251
Exports	88,340	96,784
Others	95,200	96,875
	1,183,026	1,129,414
Less: Provision for doubtful trade debts	(111,462)	(80,238)
	1,071,564	1,049,176

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade and long term receivables by geographic region is as follows:

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, 2017
Saudi Arabia	728,294	682,102
Iran	46,002	119,384
Turkey	123,034	145,127
Egypt	196,551	123,114
Other Regions	89,145	59,687
	1,183,026	1,129,414
Less: Provision for doubtful trade debts	(111,462)	(80,238)
	1,071,564	1,049,176

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by monitoring on a regular basis that sufficient funds are available through committed credit facilities to meet any future commitments.

The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. For this purpose, the Group has maintained credit lines with various commercial banks in order to meet its liquidity requirements. As at September 30, 2018, the Group has unused bank financing facilities amounting to SR 3.75 billion (December 31, 2017: SR 4.7 billion) to manage the short term and the long term liquidity requirements.

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For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018 (Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

		Contractual cash flows				
September 30, 2018	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	3 years to 5 years	More than 5 years
Non derivative financial liabilities Loans and borrowings Trade payables Accrued and other liabilities Unclaimed dividends	8,064,607 2,281,330 1,862,466 268,186	4,053,668 2,281,330 1,862,466 268,186	987,249 	3,161,748 	397,547 	- - - -
	12,476,589	8,465,650	987,249	3,161,748	397,547	
Derivative financial liabilities Interest rate swaps used for hedging Derivative contracts used for hedging Put option Other Derivatives contracts not for	63,461 171,707	1,566 63,461 	2,821	3,924		 187,882
hedging	358	358				
2 2	235,526	65,385	2,821	3,924		187,882
	Carrying	Less than 6	6 months	actual cash f	3 years to	More than 5
December 31, 2017	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Less than 6 months				
December 31, 2017 Non derivative financial liabilities Loans and borrowings Trade payables Accrued and other liabilities Unclaimed dividends			6 months	1 year to 3	3 years to	than 5
Non derivative financial liabilities Loans and borrowings Trade payables Accrued and other liabilities	7,396,862 2,471,121 1,786,358 258,473	months 3,643,577 2,471,121 1,786,358 258,473	6 months to 1 year 461,275	1 year to 3 years 3,364,077	3 years to 5 years 366,272	than 5
Non derivative financial liabilities Loans and borrowings Trade payables Accrued and other liabilities Unclaimed dividends Derivative financial liabilities Interest rate swaps used for hedging Derivative contracts used for hedging Put Option	Amount 7,396,862 2,471,121 1,786,358 258,473 11,912,814 4,735 38,988	months 3,643,577 2,471,121 1,786,358 258,473 8,159,529 (770)	6 months to 1 year 461,275 461,275 348 119	1 year to 3 years 3,364,077 3,364,077	3 years to 5 years 366,272	than 5 years

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amount.

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15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Group has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

When one is available, the Group measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Group uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability falls into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest input level that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. During the periods ended September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were no transfers between fair value categories of level 1 and level 2.

As the Group's financial instruments are compiled under the historical cost convention, except for investments and derivative financial instruments which are carried at fair values, differences can arise between the book values and fair value estimates. Management believes that the fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values.

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels and fair value hierarchy. It doesn't include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying value is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

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15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Carrying amount Fair Val	lue	
Mandatorily Designated Fair value		
at FVTPL - at fair hedging	1 2	Total
September 30, 2018 others value instruments FVOCI Level 1 Level 2 Level 2	evel 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets measured		
at fair value		
Investment at fair value through profit or loss 802 802		802
through profit or loss 802 802 Future exchange contracts		002
used for hedging 16,643 16,643		16,643
Other future exchange		45 500
contracts 47,532 47,532	4 150	47,532
Call option - 4,159 Interest rate swaps used for	4,159	4,159
hedging 4,384 4,384		4,384
	7,674	385,127
802 51,691 21,027 385,127 318,255 68,559 7	1,833	458,647
Financial liabilities measured at fair value		
Future exchange contracts		(61.461)
used for hedging (63,461) (63,461) Other future exchange	-	(63,461)
contracts (358) (358)		(358)
Put option - (171,707) (17	71,707)	(171,707)
(172,065) (63,461) (63,819) (17	71,707)	(235,526)
Carrying amount Fair Value		
Fair value Designated hedging Available		
Designated hedging Available December 31, 2017 at fair value instruments for sale Level 1 Level 2 Level	13	Total
Financial assets measured		
at fair value		
Future exchange contracts used for hedging 13,326 13,326		13,326
used for hedging 13,326 13,326 Other future exchange	3.70	15,520
contracts 40,821 40,821		40,821
Call option 10,240 10,	,240	10,240
	,427 _	471,507
<u>51,061</u> <u>13,326</u> <u>471,507</u> <u>379,080</u> <u>54,147</u> <u>102,</u>	,667	535,894
Financial liabilities		
measured at fair value		
Interest rate swaps used for		
hedging (4,735) (4,735)		(4,735)
Future exchange contracts used for hedging (38,988) (38,988)		(38,988)
used for hedging (38,988) (38,988) Other future exchange		(20,700)
contracts (7,974) (7,974)		(7,974)
Put option (159,979) (159,	,979) _	(159,979)
(167,953) (43,723) (51,697) (159,	,979)	(211,676)

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15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair value, as well as significant unobservable input used.

Financial instruments measured at fair value

Туре	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurements
Equity securities	Market comparison technique. PE multiple, Price to Book value.	Price Earnings Multiples, Price to Book value and Price to Tangible Book Value.	Not applicable
Future contracts	Broker quotes	Not applicable	Not applicable
Call and put option	Black Scholes Model	Strike price Volatility of Sugar index Spot price (fair value)	Increase in fair value will decrease the Put Option and increase the Call option values. Increase in volatility index will increase the value of Put and Call options.
Interest rate swaps	DCF	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The Group manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group also monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings including finance cost thereon, trade and other payables, less cash and bank balances. Capital signifies equity as shown in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt. The gearing ratio as at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 is as follows:

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16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (continued)

	September 30, <u>2018</u>	December 31, 2017
Total liabilities	13,991,042	13,500,840
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(1,195,150)	(1,298,117)
Adjusted net debt	12,795,892	12,202,723
Total agritu	8,339,239	9,707,980
Total equity	(4,384)	4,735
Hedging reserve		
Adjusted equity	8,334,855	9,712,715
Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio	1.54	1.25

17. NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS

The Group has adopted, as appropriate, the following new and amended IASB Standards, effective January 1, 2018.

(a) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. It replaced IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations. Group recognizes revenue when a customer obtains controls of the goods at a point in time i.e. on delivery and acknowledgement of goods, which is in line with the requirements of IFRS 15. Accordingly, there is no material effect of adopting 'IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers' on the recognition of Revenue of the Group.

The Group has adopted IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method, with the effect of applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application (i.e. January 1, 2018). Accordingly, the information presented for previous year has not been restated, as previously reported, under IAS 18 and related interpretations.

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The details of new significant accounting policies and the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies are set out below:

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. However, it eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories for financial assets of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

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(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

17. NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS (continued)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

The adoption of IFRS 9 has not had a significant effect on the Group's accounting policies related to financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments. The impact of IFRS 9 on the classification and measurement of financial assets is set out below:

Under IFRS 9, on initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Derivatives embedded in contracts where the host is a financial asset in the scope of the standard are never separated. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument as a whole is assessed for classification.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows;
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL.

This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

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17. NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS (continued)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets.

Financial assets at FVTPL - These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost - These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses, if any.

Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Debt investments at FVOCI - These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI - These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

The effect of adopting IFRS 9 on the carrying amounts of financial assets at 1 January 2018 relates solely to the new impairment requirements, as described further below:

The following explains the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for the class of the Group's significant financial assets as at 1 January 2018.

	Original Classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9	Original carrying amount under <u>IAS 39</u> December 31, 2017	New carrying amount under <u>IFRS 9</u> January 01, <u>2018</u>
Financial Assets				
Trade Receivables	Loans and Receivables	Amortised Cost	970,618	952,854
Cash and bank balances	Loans and Receivables	Amortised Cost	1,298,117	1,287,011
Available for sale investments* Available for sale	Available for sale Available for	FVOCI-equity investments FVTPL-equity	446,754	446,754
investments	sale	investments	24,753	24,753
Future exchange contracts used for hedging	Fair value- hedging instrument	Fair value- hedging instrument	13,326	13,326
Other future exchange	Designated as FVTPL	Designated as FVTPL	40,821	40,821
contracts Call option	Designated as FVTPL	Designated as FVTPL	10,240	10,240
Total			2,804,629	2,775,759

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17. NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS (continued)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

* Group intends to hold these investments for the strategic purpose. As permitted by IFRS 9, the Group has designated these investments at the date of initial application as investments at FVOCI. Unlike, IAS 39, the accumulated fair value reserves related to these investments will never be reclassified to profit or loss.

	As reported S	Adjustment under IFRS 9 eptember 30, 2018	Amounts without adoption of IFRS 9
Consolidated Statement of Financial Posit	<u>ion</u>		
Trade receivables Prepayments and other receivables Cash and bank balances	1,065,065 1,426,455 1,195,150 3,686,670	30,527 5,921 5,027 41,475	1,095,592 1,432,376 1,200,177 3,728,145
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss	and Other Compre	hensive Income	
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses	(2,416,704) (582,018) (2,998,722)	(17,299) 9,355 (7,944)	(2,434,003) (572,663) (3,006,666)

Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with an 'expected credit loss' (ECL) model. The new impairment model applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments. Under IFRS 9, credit losses are recognised earlier than under IAS 39.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Presentation of impairment

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Hedge Accounting

IFRS 9 requires the Group to ensure that hedge accounting relationships are aligned with its risk management objectives and strategy and to apply a more qualitative and forward-looking approach to assessing hedge effectiveness.

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17. NEW STANDARDS AND AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS (continued)

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Transition

The Group has taken an exemption not to restate comparative information for prior periods with respect to classification and measurement (including impairment) requirements. Differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 amounting to SR 34.1 million are recognised in retained earnings as at January 1, 2018.

The following assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application.

- The determination of the business model within which a financial asset is held.
- The designation and revocation of previous designations of certain financial assets
- The designation of certain investments in equity instruments not held for trading as at FVOCI.

18. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Following are the new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2019 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Group has not early adopted them in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

(a) IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognises a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are optional exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard – i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases.

IFRS 16 replaces existing leases guidance including 'IAS 17 – Leases', 'IFRIC 4 – Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', 'SIC-15 - Operating Leases – Incentives' and 'SIC 27 - Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for entities that apply 'IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers' at or before the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

On transition to IFRS 16, the Group can choose whether to:

- Apply the IFRS 16 definition of a lease to all its contracts; or
- Apply a practical expedient and not reassess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease.

Transition

As a lessee, the Group can either apply the standard using a:

- Retrospective approach; or
- Modified retrospective approach with optional practical expedients.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018

(Expressed in thousands of Saudi Riyal unless otherwise stated)

18. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE (continued)

(a) IFRS 16 Leases (continued)

The lessee applies the election consistently to all of its leases. The Group currently plans to apply IFRS 16 initially on January 1, 2019. The Group has not yet determined which transition approach to apply. As a lessor, the Group is not required to make any adjustments for leases in which it is a lessor except where it is an intermediate lessor in a sub-lease.

(b) Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle

- IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements clarifies how a company accounts for increasing its interest in a joint operation that meets the definition of a business.
 - If a party maintains (or obtains) joint control, then the previously held interest is not remeasured.
 - If a party obtains control, then the transaction is a business combination achieved in stages and the acquiring party remeasures the previously held interest at fair value.
- IAS 12 Income Taxes clarifies that all income tax consequences of dividends (including payments on financial instruments classified as equity) are recognised consistently with the transactions that generated the distributable profits i.e. in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity.
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs clarifies that the general borrowings pool used to calculate eligible borrowing costs excludes only borrowings that specifically finance qualifying assets that are still under development or construction. Borrowings that were intended to specifically finance qualifying assets that are now ready for their intended use or sale or any non-qualifying assets are included in that general pool. As the costs of retrospective application might outweigh the benefits, the changes are applied prospectively to borrowing costs incurred on or after the date an entity adopts the amendments.

(c) Other Amendments

The following new or amended standards which are not yet effective and neither expected to have a significant impact on the Group's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments clarifies the accounting for income tax treatments that have yet to be accepted by tax authorities.
- Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9).
- Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28).
- Plan Amendments, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments to IAS 19).

19. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on Safar 28, 1440H, corresponding to November 6, 2018.