

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL  
STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD  
AND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014  
AND LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD AND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<b>Page</b>
Limited review report	2
Interim consolidated balance sheet	3
Interim consolidated income statement	4
Interim consolidated cash flow statement	5
Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements	6 - 20



## LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

January 18, 2015

To the Shareholders of Savola Group Company:  
(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

### Scope of review

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of Savola Group Company (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of December 31, 2014 and the interim consolidated income statement for the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2014, and the interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, including the related notes which form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements. These interim consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management and have been prepared by them and submitted to us together with all the information and explanations which we required.

We conducted our limited review in accordance with the standard of Review of Interim Financial Reporting issued by the Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants. A limited review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and information and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. The scope of such limited review is substantially less than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Saudi Arabia, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

### Review conclusion

Based on our limited review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting standards generally accepted in Saudi Arabia.

### **PricewaterhouseCoopers**

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Ali A. Alotaibi  
License Number 379



**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Interim consolidated balance sheet**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at December 31,	
		2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Audited)
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		1,684,030	1,363,724
Accounts receivable		1,013,352	1,265,104
Inventories		4,518,344	4,487,663
Prepayments and other receivables		1,679,003	1,819,913
Assets classified as held for sale	1,3	1,342,430	103,979
		<b>10,237,159</b>	<b>9,040,383</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Long term receivables	4	321,928	52,320
Investments	4	8,014,670	7,943,367
Property, plant and equipment		6,732,742	6,382,958
Intangible assets		1,232,929	1,343,828
		<b>16,302,269</b>	<b>15,722,473</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>26,539,428</b>	<b>24,762,856</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Short-term borrowings	5	3,964,079	3,534,432
Current maturity of long-term borrowings	6	445,937	746,484
Accounts payable		2,832,969	2,668,328
Accrued and other liabilities		2,028,344	2,071,121
Liabilities associated with assets as held for sale	1,3	758,284	92,737
		<b>10,029,613</b>	<b>9,113,102</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Long-term borrowings	6	4,802,995	4,126,378
Deferred tax liability		80,205	45,939
Deferred gain		192,411	180,116
Long-term payables		53,273	54,807
Employee termination benefits		372,178	350,969
		<b>5,501,062</b>	<b>4,758,209</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>15,530,675</b>	<b>13,871,311</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Share capital	7	5,339,807	5,339,807
Share premium		342,974	342,974
Statutory reserve		1,594,911	1,387,678
General reserve		4,000	4,000
Retained earnings		3,733,430	3,072,000
Fair value reserve		65,775	131,992
Effect of acquisition transaction with non-controlling interest without change in control		(133,690)	27,905
Currency translation differences		(849,369)	(655,379)
<b>Equity attributable to shareholders' of the parent company</b>		<b>10,097,838</b>	<b>9,650,977</b>
Non-controlling interest		910,915	1,240,568
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>11,008,753</b>	<b>10,891,545</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<b>26,539,428</b>	<b>24,762,856</b>
<b>Contingencies and commitments</b>	12		

The notes on pages 6 to 20 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Interim consolidated income statement**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Three-month period ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
		2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Unaudited)	2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Audited)
Revenues		6,843,766	5,883,895	26,571,228	25,280,718
Cost of sales		(5,492,196)	(4,817,636)	(21,724,604)	(20,507,182)
Gross profit		1,351,570	1,066,259	4,846,624	4,773,536
Share in net income of associates and dividend income of available-for-sale investments - net	4	187,526	226,462	975,222	760,379
<b>Total income</b>		<b>1,539,096</b>	<b>1,292,721</b>	<b>5,821,846</b>	<b>5,533,915</b>
<b>Operating expenses</b>					
Selling and marketing		(684,688)	(566,506)	(2,705,305)	(2,443,192)
General and administrative		(220,394)	(177,825)	(632,398)	(600,996)
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>(905,082)</b>	<b>(744,331)</b>	<b>(3,337,703)</b>	<b>(3,044,188)</b>
Income from operations		634,014	548,390	2,484,143	2,489,727
<b>Other income (expenses)</b>					
Gain on disposal of investments	4	-	231,411	209,700	231,411
Impairment loss	4	(67,400)	(100,000)	(67,400)	(100,000)
Financial charges		(20,714)	(36,995)	(265,809)	(240,167)
Income before zakat and foreign taxes		545,900	642,806	2,360,634	2,380,971
Zakat and foreign income tax		(62,774)	(45,154)	(157,684)	(303,321)
Income from continuing operations		483,126	597,652	2,202,950	2,077,650
Income from discontinued operations	3	13,275	9,584	50,286	69,519
Net income for the period/year		<b>496,401</b>	<b>607,236</b>	<b>2,253,236</b>	<b>2,147,169</b>
Net income attributable to:					
• Shareholders' of the parent company		434,357	564,159	2,072,319	1,704,481
• Non-controlling interest's share of period's/year's net income in subsidiaries		62,044	43,077	180,917	442,688
Net income for the period/year		<b>496,401</b>	<b>607,236</b>	<b>2,253,236</b>	<b>2,147,169</b>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>	11				
Operating income		1.19	1.05	4.65	4.92
Net income for the period / year attributable to the shareholders' of the parent company		0.81	1.08	3.88	3.37
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in thousand)	11	533,981	522,654	533,981	505,663

The notes on pages 6 to 20 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Interim consolidated cash flow statement**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended December 31,	
		2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Audited)
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>			
Net income for the year		2,253,236	2,147,169
<u>Adjustments for non-cash items</u>			
Depreciation, amortization, impairment and amortization of deferred gain		707,573	657,012
Share in net income of associates and dividend income		(927,830)	(749,796)
Financial charges – net		281,776	258,961
Gain on disposal of investments	4	(209,700)	(231,411)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(4,535)	(2,008)
<u>Changes in working capital</u>			
Accounts receivable		(96,086)	182,855
Inventories		(475,253)	(514,241)
Prepayments and other receivables		4,626	(264,938)
Accounts payable		363,525	(75,876)
Accrued and other liabilities		193,191	102,122
Employee termination benefits		58,366	(2,782)
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,148,889	1,507,067
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>			
Dividend received		339,743	352,364
Proceeds from sale of Investment	4	112,000	672,107
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary		105,754	-
Change in long term receivables		154,058	115,579
Effect of transaction with non - controlling interest without change in control		-	40,061
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		114,011	152,709
Net change in other non-current assets		(66,661)	(81,212)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,926,765)	(1,160,527)
Net change in deferred tax liability		46,561	12,536
Net cash (utilized in) generated from investing activities		(1,121,299)	103,617
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>			
Net change in short-term borrowings	5	877,987	212,731
Net change in long term borrowings	6	404,879	404,383
Net change in restricted deposits financing		-	16,586
Changes in non-controlling interest		(441,803)	(300,464)
Financial charges – net		(281,776)	(258,961)
Dividends paid	7	(1,192,049)	(993,119)
Net cash utilized in financing activities		(632,762)	(918,844)
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>		394,828	691,840
Effect of currency exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		(1,214)	(271,375)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,363,724	943,259
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>		1,757,338	1,363,724
<b>Supplemental schedule of non-cash information</b>			
Fair value reserve		(66,217)	137,693
Currency translation differences		(193,263)	(184,311)
Directors' remuneration		2,200	2,200

The notes on pages 6 to 20 form an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**1 General information**

Savola Group Company (the "Company"), a Saudi joint stock company, was formed under the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia per Royal Decree number M/21 dated Rabi-ul-Awal 29, 1398H (corresponding to March 9, 1978). The Company's commercial registration number 4030019708 was issued in Jeddah on Rajab 21, 1399H (corresponding to September 16, 1979). The objectives of the Company along with its subsidiaries includes the manufacturing and marketing of vegetable oils and to set up related industries, retail outlets, dairy products, fast foods, packing materials, exports and imports, commercial contracting, trade agencies, development of agricultural products and real estate related investment activities.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company's and its local and foreign consolidated subsidiaries.

At December 31, the Company has investments in the following subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"):

**(a) Direct subsidiaries of the Company**

**(i) Operating subsidiaries**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business Activity	Ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
Savola Foods Company ("SFC")	Saudi Arabia	Foods	100	100
Panda Retail Company ("Panda") (Formerly Al-Azizia Panda United Company)	Saudi Arabia	Retail	92	92
Savola Packaging Systems Limited ("SPS")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of Plastic packaging products	100	100
Al Matoun International for Real Estate Investment Holding Company	Saudi Arabia	Real Estate	80	80
United Sugar Company, Egypt ("USCE")	Egypt	Manufacturing of Sugar	19.32	19.32
Giant Stores Trading Company ("Giant")	Saudi Arabia	Retail	10	10

Effective September 16, 2009, the Group's subsidiary, Panda acquired the operations of Saudi Geant Company Limited ("Geant") for a total consideration of Saudi Riyals 469.3 million, including cash consideration of Saudi Riyals 232 million and a deferred equity consideration of Saudi Riyals 237.3 million. The Company had paid the cash consideration on October 12, 2009 whereas the deferred equity component was settled during 2010, through issuance of 45.7 million new shares of Panda at a price of Saudi Riyals 51.92 per share. Also as per the agreement, Geant is entitled to acquire 1% share of Panda each year at an option value approximate to its fair value for a period of up to 3 years. In 2013, Geant exercised its right of acquiring 1% ownership interest in Panda during 2013. However, Geant did not exercise its right to acquire 1% share in the year 2014.

As part of Group's strategic assessment of its core operations, during December 2014, management has entered into a Sale Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") with a third party for disposal of SPS which represents Group's plastic segment. As at year end date, completion of sale of SPS is pending upon completion of legal formalities including approval from certain government authorities. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of SPS have been classified as 'held for sale' in the December 31, 2014 interim consolidated balance sheet and net income of SPS for the year ended December 31, 2014 has been disclosed as 'Income from discontinued operations' in the interim consolidated income statement. In accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards in Saudi Arabia, amounts relating to SPS in the 2013 consolidated income statement have also been reclassified as 'Income from discontinued operations'. Also, see Note 3 for details.

During second quarter of 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company approved to acquire the non-controlling interest ownership equity of 18.6% in Panda and 10% in SFC from Al Muhaidib Holding Company in exchange for the issue of 33.9 million new shares of the Company. The transaction was completed upon shareholders' approval in an Extra Ordinary General Meeting in November 2013 and certain other legal formalities. As a result, as at December 31, 2013, the Company's share capital increased by Saudi Riyals 339.8 million and share premium increased by Saudi Riyals 342.9 million, upon issuance of new shares.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

(ii) Dormant and Holding subsidiaries

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business Activity	Ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
Kafazat Al Kawniah for Real Estate Limited	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Alwaqat Al Kawniah Limited	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Aalindah Al Kawniah Limited	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Abtkar Al Kawniah Limited	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Adeem Arabia Company Ltd. ("AAC")	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	80	80
Savola Industrial Investments Co. ("SIIC")	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	5	4.5
Madarek Investment Company	Jordan	Holding Company	100	100
Utur Packaging Materials Company Limited ("Utur")	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Al Mojammatt Al Mowahadah Real Estate Company ("Mojammatt")	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Marasina International Real Estate Investment Ltd.	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Asda'a International Real Estate Investment Ltd.	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Masa'ay International Real Estate Investment Ltd.	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Saraya International Real Estate Investment Ltd.	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	100	100
Savola Trading International Limited	British Virgin Island	Dormant Company	100	100
United Properties Development Company ("UPDC")	Saudi Arabia	Dormant Company	100	100
Kamin Al Sharq for Industrial Investments ("Kamin")	Saudi Arabia	Dormant Company	100	100
Arabian Sadouk for telecommunications Co. ("Sadouk")	Saudi Arabia	Dormant Company	100	100
Al Maoun International Holding Company	Saudi Arabia	Dormant Company	100	100
Afia Foods Arabia	Saudi Arabia	Dormant Company	100	100

**(b) Subsidiaries controlled through SFC**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business Activity	Ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
Afia International Company ("AIC")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of Edible oils	95.19	95.19
SIIC	Saudi Arabia	Holding Company	95	95
Savola Foods Emerging Markets Company Limited ("SFEM")	British Virgin Islands	Holding Company	95.43	95.43
Savola Foods for Sugar Company ("SFSC")	Cayman Islands	Holding Company	95	95
El Maleka for Food Industries Company	Egypt	Manufacturing of Pasta	100	100
El Farasha for Food Industries Company	Egypt	Manufacturing of Pasta	100	100
Savola Foods Company International ("SFCI") Limited	UAE	Holding Company	100	100
International Foods Industries Company Limited ("IFI")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of Specialty fats	60	60
Alexandria Sugar Company Egypt ("ASCE")	Egypt	Manufacturing of Sugar	19	19
<b>SFCI</b>				
Modern Behtaam Royan Kaveh Company "MBRK"	Iran	Food and confectionary	100	100
<b>SIIC</b>				
United Sugar Company ("USC")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of Sugar	74.48	74.48



**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**(b) Subsidiaries controlled through SFC (continued)**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business Activity	Subsidiary ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
<u>USC</u>				
USCE	Egypt	Manufacturing of Sugar	<b>56.75</b>	56.75
ASCE	Egypt	Manufacturing of Sugar	<b>62.13</b>	62.13
Beet Sugar Industries	Cayman Islands	Dormant Company	<b>100</b>	100
<u>USCE</u>				
ASCE	Egypt	Manufacturing of Sugar	<b>18.87</b>	18.87
<u>ASCE</u>				
Alexandria United Company for Land Reclamation	Egypt	Agro cultivation	<b>100</b>	-
<u>SFEM</u>				
Savola Morocco Company	Morocco	Manufacturing of Edible oils	<b>100</b>	100
Savola Edible Oils (Sudan) Ltd.	Sudan	Manufacturing of Edible oils	<b>100</b>	100
AFIA International Company – Algeria	Algeria	Manufacturing of Edible oils	<b>100</b>	100

During 2010, as an outcome of review of its foods business pruning strategy, the Group has decided to entrench its position in core markets and assess exiting from certain overseas operations. Accordingly, parts of manufacturing facilities within the edible oil segment of the Group are presented as 'held for sale'. During June 2014, the Group management sold one part of such business at a gain of Saudi Riyals 21.2 million.

During June 2013, there was a fire incident in the Jeddah raw sugar warehouse of USC. The loss adjuster, appointed by the insurance company of USC, completed its initial assessment of the losses incurred and submitted its report to the insurance company. Management believes that no significant loss will arise as a result of the final settlement of the claim.

**(c) Subsidiaries controlled through AIC**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business activity	Subsidiary ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
Savola Behshahr Company (SBeC)	Iran	Holding Company	<b>90</b>	80
Malintra Holdings	Luxembourg	Holding Company	<b>100</b>	100
Savola Foods Limited ("SFL")	British Virgin Islands	Holding Company	<b>100</b>	100
Afia International Company - Jordan	Jordan	Dormant Company	<b>97.4</b>	97.4
Inveskz Inc.	British Virgin islands	Holding Company	<b>90</b>	90
Afia Trading International	British Virgin islands	Trading Company	<b>100</b>	100
Savola Foods International	British Virgin Islands	Dormant Company	<b>100</b>	100
KUGU Gida Yatam Ve Ticaret A.S ("KUGU")	Turkey	Holding Company	<b>100</b>	100
<u>SBeC</u>				
Behshahr Industrial Company ("BIC")	Iran	Manufacturing of Edible oils	<b>79.9</b>	79.9
Margarine Manufacturing Company ("MMC")	Iran	Manufacturing of Edible oils	-	79.9
Tolue Pakshe Aftab ("TPA") Company	Iran	Trading and Distribution	<b>100</b>	100
Savola Behshahr Sugar Company	Iran	Trading and Distribution	<b>48.8</b>	48.8

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**(c) Subsidiaries controlled through AIC (Continued)**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business activity	Subsidiary ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
<u>SFL</u>				
Afia International Company, Egypt	Egypt	Manufacturing of Edible oils	99.92	99.92
Latimar International Limited	British Virgin islands	Dormant Company	100	100
Elington International Limited	British Virgin islands	Dormant Company	100	100
<u>Inveskz Inc.</u>				
Savola Foods CIS	Kazakhstan	Manufacturing of Edible oils	-	100
<u>KUGU</u>				
Yudum Gida Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S ("Yudum")	Turkey	Manufacturing of Edible oils	100	100

During May 2014, AIC acquired additional 10% equity ownership interest in SBEC from Behshar Industrial Development Company ("BID"), in exchange of disposing its indirect shareholding of 79.9% equity ownership interest in MMC to BID. Accordingly, the Group recorded an adjustment in 'Effect of acquisition transaction with non-controlling' on this transaction amounting to Saudi Riyals 164.2 million.

**(d) Subsidiaries controlled through Panda**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business activity	Subsidiary ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
<u>Panda</u>				
Giant	Saudi Arabia	Retail	90	90
Panda for Operations, Maintenance and Contracting Services	Saudi Arabia	Services & Maintenance	100	100
Panda International for Retail Trading	Egypt	Retail	100	-
Panda International Retail Trading	United Arab Emirates	Retail	100	-
<u>Giant</u>				
Lebanese Sweets and Bakeries ("LSB")	Saudi Arabia	Dormant Company	95	95

**(e) Subsidiaries controlled through SPS**

Subsidiary name	Country of incorporation	Principal business activity	Subsidiary ownership interest (%) at December 31	
			2014	2013
<u>SPS</u>				
New Marina for Plastic Industries	Egypt	Manufacturing of plastic packaging products	100	100
Al Sharq Company for Plastic Industries. Ltd. ("Al-Sharq")	Saudi Arabia	Manufacturing of plastic packaging products	100	100

These interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on January 18, 2015.

**2 Summary of significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

**2.1 Basis of preparation**

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting, as modified by revaluation of available-for-sale investments and in compliance with accounting standards promulgated by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants.

The interim consolidated financial statements for the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2014, have been prepared in accordance with SOCPA's Standard of Interim Financial Reporting, on the basis of integrated periods, which views each interim period as an integral part of the financial year. Accordingly, revenues,

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

gains, expenses and losses of the period are recognized during the period. The interim results of the operations for the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2014 may not represent a proper indication for the annual results of operations. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, comprising mainly of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary by the management to present fair statements of financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

## **2.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of certain critical estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

a) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group annually tests whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, as per policy stated in Note 2.3. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates.

(b) Impairment of available for sale investments

The Group exercises judgment to calculate the impairment loss of available-for-sale investments as well as their underlying assets. This includes the assessment of objective evidence which causes other than temporary decline in the value of investments. Any significant and prolonged decline in the fair value of equity investment below its cost is considered as objective evidence for the impairment. The determination of what is 'significant' and 'prolonged' requires judgment. The Group also considers impairment to be appropriate when there is evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology, and operational and financing cash flows.

(c) Provision for doubtful debts

A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. For significant individual amounts, assessment is made at individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but are overdue, are assessed collectively and a provision is recognized considering the length of time considering the past recovery rates.

(d) Provision for inventory obsolescence

The Group determines its provision for inventory obsolescence based upon historical experience, expected inventory turnover, inventory aging and current condition, and current and future expectations with respect to sales. Assumptions underlying the provision for inventory obsolescence include future sales trends, and the expected inventory requirements and inventory composition necessary to support these future sales and offerings. The estimate of the Group's provision for inventory obsolescence could materially change from period to period due to changes in product offerings of those products.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**2.3 Investment in subsidiaries**

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies to obtain economic benefit generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill arising from acquisition of subsidiaries is reported under "intangible assets" in the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost, net of any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. The subsidiaries over which the Group control is temporary are not consolidated and are accounted for as associates.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains and losses on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Changes in a group's ownership interest in a subsidiary after acquiring control, is accounted as equity transactions and the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interests is adjusted against the fair value of the consideration paid and any difference is recognized directly in equity under "Effect of acquisition transactions with non-controlling interest without change in control".

(b) Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition income or losses is recognized in the interim consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in associate companies equals or exceeds its interest in the associate and jointly-controlled company, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognized in the income statement.

(c) Investment in available-for sale investments

Available-for-sale investments principally consist of less than 20% equity investments in certain quoted / unquoted investments. These investments are included in non-current assets unless management intends to sell such investments within twelve months from the balance sheet date. These investments are initially recognized at cost and are subsequently re-measured at fair value at each reporting date as follows:

- (i) Fair values of quoted securities are based on available market prices at the reporting date adjusted for any restriction on the transfer or sale of such investments; and
- (ii) Fair values of unquoted securities are based on a reasonable estimate determined by reference to the current market value of other similar quoted investment securities or are based on the expected discounted cash flows.

Cumulative adjustments arising from revaluation of these investments are reported as a separate component of equity, as fair value reserve until the investment is disposed.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**2.4 Segment reporting**

- (a) Business segment

A business segment is group of assets and operations:

- (i) Engaged in revenue producing activities;
- (ii) Results of its operations are continuously analyzed by management in order to make decisions related to resource allocation and performance assessment; and
- (iii) Financial information is separately available.

- (b) Geographical segment

A geographical segment is group of assets and operations engaged in revenue producing activities within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns different from those operating in other economic environments.

**2.5 Foreign currency translations**

- (a) Reporting currency

The interim consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in Saudi Riyals which is the reporting currency of the Group.

- (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Saudi Riyals using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, for the periods ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, are recognized in the interim consolidated income statement.

- (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign subsidiaries and associates having reporting currencies other than Saudi Riyals are translated into Saudi Riyals as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- (iii) Components of the equity accounts are translated at the exchange rates in effect at the dates that the related items originated.

Cumulative adjustments resulting from the translations of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and associates into Saudi Riyals are reported as a separate component of equity.

Any goodwill arising on acquisition of foreign subsidiaries and any subsequent fair value adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiaries and translated at the closing rate and recognized in the equity.

Dividends received from associates are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the transaction date and related currency translation differences are realized in the income statement.

When investments in foreign subsidiaries and associates are partially disposed-off or sold, currency translation differences that were recorded in equity are recognized in income as part of gain or loss on disposal or sale.

- (d) Hyperinflationary economies

When the economy of a country in which the Group operates is deemed hyper inflationary and the functional currency of a Group entity is the currency of that hyper inflationary economy, the financial statements of such Group entities are adjusted so that they are stated in terms of the measuring unit current at the end of the reporting period. This involves restatement of income and expenses to reflect changes in the general price index from the

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

start of the reporting period and, restatement of non-monetary items in the balance sheet, such as property, plant and equipment and inventories, to reflect current purchasing power as at the period end using a general price index from the date when they were first recognized. The gain or loss on the net monetary position for the period is included in finance costs or income. Comparative amounts are not adjusted.

**2.6 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the purchase date, if any.

**2.7 Accounts receivable**

Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less provision for doubtful debts. A provision for doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Such provisions are charged to the income statement and reported under "selling and marketing expenses". When an account receivable is uncollectible, it is written-off against the provision for doubtful debts. Any subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are credited against "selling and marketing expenses" in the income statement.

**2.8 Inventories**

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished products includes the cost of raw materials, labor and production overheads. Stores and spares are valued at cost, less any provision for slow moving items.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

**2.9 Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, except construction in progress which is carried at cost. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation is charged to the interim consolidated income statement, using the straight-line method to allocate the costs of the related assets to their residual values over the following estimated useful lives:

	<b>Years</b>
Buildings	12.5 – 50
Leasehold improvements	3 – 33
Plant and equipment	3 – 30
Furniture and office equipment	3 – 16
Vehicles	4 – 10

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts and are included in the interim consolidated income statement.

Maintenance and normal repairs which do not materially extend the estimated useful life of an asset are charged to the interim consolidated income statement as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements, if any, are capitalized and the assets so replaced are retired.

**2.10 Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale**

Assets held for sale, comprises of assets and liabilities or a disposal group that is expected to be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use. Immediately before classification as held for sale, all assets in a disposal group are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value, less cost to sell. Subsequent to initial recognition, any impairment loss on a disposal group is first allocated to goodwill, (if there is any) and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on pro rata basis. However, no loss is allocated to financial assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with their initial accounting policies. Gains or losses on disposal of such assets or disposal groups are currently recognized in the interim consolidated income statement.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**2.11 Deferred charges**

Costs that are not of benefit beyond the current period are charged to the interim consolidated income statement, while costs that will benefit future periods are capitalized. Deferred charges, reported under "Intangible assets" in the accompanying balance sheet, include certain indirect construction costs incurred by the Group in relation to setting up its retail outlets and new production facilities. Such costs are amortized over periods which do not exceed five years.

**2.12 Impairment of non-current assets**

Non-current assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount which is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-current assets other than intangible assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at each reporting date. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognized for the assets or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately in the income statement. Impairment losses recognized on intangible assets are not reversible.

**2.13 Borrowings**

Borrowings are recognized as equivalent to the proceeds received. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of those assets. Other borrowing costs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement.

**2.14 Sukuk**

The Group classifies its Sukuk as financial liability, in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the Sukuk.

**2.15 Accounts payable and accruals**

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

**2.16 Provisions**

Provisions are recognized, when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated.

**2.17 Zakat and taxes**

The Company is subject to zakat in accordance with the regulations of the Department of Zakat and Income Tax ("DZIT"). Foreign shareholders in consolidated Saudi Arabian subsidiaries are subject to income taxes. Income tax provisions related to foreign shareholders in such subsidiaries are charged to the non-controlling interest in the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements. Provision for zakat for the Company and zakat related to the Company's ownership in the Saudi Arabian subsidiaries is charged to the income statement. Additional amounts payable, if any, at the finalization of final assessments are accounted for when such amounts are determined.

The Company and its Saudi Arabian subsidiaries withhold taxes on certain transactions with non-resident parties in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia as required under Saudi Arabian Income Tax Law.

Foreign subsidiaries are subject to income taxes in their respective countries of domicile. Such income taxes are charged to interim consolidated income statement.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized on carry-forward tax losses and on all major temporary differences between financial income and taxable income to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such carry-forward tax losses and the temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized on significant temporary differences expected to result in an income tax liability in future periods. Deferred income taxes are determined using tax rates which have been enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**2.18 Employee termination benefits**

Employee termination benefits required by Saudi Labor and Workman Law are accrued by the Company and its Saudi Arabian subsidiaries and charged to the income statement. The liability is calculated; as the current value of the vested benefits to which the employee is entitled, should the employee leave at the balance sheet date. Termination payments are based on employees' final salaries and allowances and their cumulative years of service, as stated in the laws of Saudi Arabia.

Foreign subsidiaries currently provide for employee termination and other benefits as required under the laws of their respective countries of domicile. There are no funded or unfunded benefit plans established by foreign subsidiaries.

**2.19 Revenues**

Revenues are recognized upon delivery of products and customer acceptance, if any, or on the performance of services. Revenues are shown net of discounts and transportation expenses, and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Rental income from operating leases is recognized in the income statement over the lease term. Promotional and display income is comprised of income earned from promotion and display of various products by vendors within the Group's retail stores, and is recognized in the period in which the product is listed.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

**2.20 Selling, marketing and general and administrative expenses**

Selling, marketing and general and administrative expenses include direct and indirect costs not specifically part of costs of sales as required under generally accepted accounting principles. Allocations between selling, marketing and general and administrative expenses and cost of sales, when required, are made on a consistent basis.

**2.21 Dividends**

Dividends are recorded in the interim consolidated financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders of the Company.

**2.22 Operating leases**

Rental expense under operating leases is charged to the interim consolidated income statement over the period of the respective lease.

**2.23 Reclassification**

For better presentation, certain amounts relating to 2013 comparative interim consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation.

**3 Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale**

As explained in Note 1, during December 2014, subsequent to entering into an Agreement with a third party for disposal of SPS, management has classified the assets and liabilities of SPS (Plastic segment) as held for sale. The comparative amounts relates to Foods companies. Details of assets and liabilities held for sale at December 31, are as follows:

	<b>Note</b>	<b>2014 (Unaudited)</b>	2013 (Audited)
Assets classified as held for sale, relating to			
- Plastics segment	1(a)	<b>1,305,509</b>	-
- Foods companies	1(c)	<b>36,921</b>	103,979
		<b>1,342,430</b>	103,979
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale, relating to			
- Plastics segment	1(a)	<b>675,185</b>	-
- Foods companies	1(c)	<b>83,099</b>	92,737
		<b>758,284</b>	92,737



**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**3.1 Balance sheet**

The assets and liabilities reclassified as held for sale as at December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	<b>2014</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b>	2013 <b>(Audited)</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	44,059	3,913
Accounts receivable and other receivables	358,624	62,469
Inventories	275,009	29,509
Property, plant and equipment	530,142	8,088
Other non-current assets	134,596	-
Disclosed as 'Assets classified as held for sale' in the interim consolidated balance sheet	<b>1,342,430</b>	103,979
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Borrowings	479,883	25,821
Accounts payable and other liabilities	249,668	66,916
Non-current liabilities	28,733	-
Disclosed as 'Liabilities associated with assets held for sale', in the interim consolidated balance sheet	<b>758,284</b>	92,737

The "Currency translation differences" and "Effect of acquisition transaction with non-controlling interest without change in control", related to the discontinued plastic segment operations, amounts to Saudi Riyals 21.8 million and Saudi Riyals 11.1 million, respectively as at December 31, 2014.

**3.2 Income statement**

Details of income from discontinued plastic segment operations for the three month periods and years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	<b>Three-month period</b> <b>ended December 31,</b>		<b>Year ended</b> <b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b>	<b>2013</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b>	<b>2014</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b>	<b>2013</b> <b>(Audited)</b>
Sales	285,506	283,134	1,121,636	1,119,633
Cost of sales	<b>(257,008)</b>	(241,888)	<b>(999,310)</b>	(964,064)
Gross profit	28,498	41,246	122,326	155,569
<b>Operating expenses</b>				
Selling and marketing	<b>(4,038)</b>	(18,838)	<b>(20,480)</b>	(36,600)
General and administrative	<b>(7,559)</b>	(5,094)	<b>(34,016)</b>	(28,960)
Income from operations	16,901	17,314	67,830	90,009
<b>Other income (expenses)</b>				
Financial charges	<b>(3,647)</b>	(1,504)	<b>(15,967)</b>	(11,592)
Income before foreign income taxes and zakat	13,254	15,810	51,863	78,417
Zakat and foreign income taxes	21	(6,226)	<b>(1,577)</b>	(8,898)
Net income for the period/year disclosed as 'Income from discontinued operations' in the interim consolidated balance sheet	<b>13,275</b>	9,584	<b>50,286</b>	69,519

**3.3 Cash flows**

Details of cash flows from discontinued plastic segment operations for the year ended December 31, are as follows:

	<b>2014</b> <b>(Unaudited)</b>	<b>2013</b> <b>(Audited)</b>
Cash flows from operating activities	104,802	(12,904)
Cash flows from investing activities	<b>(40,288)</b>	(102,095)
Cash flows from financing activities	<b>(75,969)</b>	101,630
Total cash flows from discontinued operations	<b>(11,455)</b>	(13,369)

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**4 Investments**

	Note	2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Audited)
Investments in associates	4.1	7,282,151	7,125,209
Available-for-sale (AFS) investments	4.2	732,519	810,140
Other investments		-	8,018
		<b>8,014,670</b>	<b>7,943,367</b>

**4.1 Investment in associates**

	Effective ownership interest (%)		2014	2013
	2014	2013	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Almarai Company ("Almarai")	36.52	36.52	5,936,538	5,562,966
Kinan International for Real Estate Development Company ("Kinan")	29.9	29.9	611,718	512,328
Herfy Foods Services Company	49	49	360,873	320,805
Intaj Capital Limited	49	49	189,244	247,044
Al-Seara City Company For Real Estate Development	40	40	164,578	164,578
Knowledge Economic City Development Company	17	17	17,200	17,200
Diyar Al Mashreq	-	30	-	298,289
Others	Various	Various	2,000	1,999
			<b>7,282,151</b>	<b>7,125,209</b>

(a) During September 2014, the Company sold its direct and indirect ownership in Diyar Al Mashreq (Masharef Project) to its associate Kinan at a total price of Saudi Riyals 593.6 million. Accordingly, the Group recorded a capital gain on this transaction amounting to Saudi Riyals 187.5 million. As per the terms of the agreement, Kinan will pay the proceeds in four installments. First instalment of Saudi Riyals 112 million was paid upon signing of contract. The remaining three installments are due within a period of three years ending in the year 2017. The abovementioned receivable amounts from Kinan are discounted at their respective present values and are disclosed as 'Long term receivables' in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

(b) Gain on disposal of investments of Saudi Riyals 231.41 million at December 31, 2013 relate to sale of certain land parcels to Knowledge Economic City ("KEC").

**4.2 Available for sale (AFS) investments**

	Effective ownership interest (%)		2014	2013
	2014	2013	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
<u>Quoted investments</u>				
Knowledge Economic City ("KEC")	6.4	6.4	367,720	384,417
Emaar the Economic City ("Emaar")	0.9	0.9	88,503	98,998
Taameer Jordan Holding Company	5	5	-	-
<u>Unquoted investments</u>				
Swicorp Joussour Company ("Joussour")	14.81	14.81	135,869	186,298
Swicorp, Saudi Arabia	15	15	115,674	115,674
Others	Various	Various	24,753	24,753
			<b>732,519</b>	<b>810,140</b>

During December 2014, the Company recognized an impairment provision amounting to Saudi Riyals 67.4 million (2013: Saudi Riyals 100 million on investment in Intaj) on its investment in Intaj and Joussour.

**5 Short-term borrowings**

Short-term borrowings consist of bank overdrafts, short-term loans and Murabaha financing arrangements from various commercial banks and financial institutions. Such debts bear financing charges at the prevailing market rates. Certain short-term borrowings of subsidiaries are secured by corporate guarantees of the Company.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**6 Long-term borrowings**

	Note	2014 (Unaudited)	2013 (Audited)
Saudi Industrial Development Fund (SIDF)	(a)	8,809	14,629
Commercial banks	(a)	<u>3,768,932</u>	3,358,233
		<u>3,777,741</u>	3,372,862
Sukuk	(b)	<u>1,500,000</u>	1,500,000
		<u>5,277,741</u>	4,872,862
Less: classified under liabilities held for sale		<u>(28,809)</u>	-
		<u>5,248,932</u>	4,872,862
Current maturity shown under liabilities		<u>(445,937)</u>	(746,484)
		<u>4,802,995</u>	4,126,378

(a) Borrowings from SIDF, commercial banks and other financial institutions represent financing for the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. Certain of these borrowings are secured by a charge on the property, plant and equipment of certain subsidiaries. The loan agreements include covenants which, amongst other things, require certain financial ratios to be maintained. Some of the long-term borrowings of subsidiaries are secured by corporate guarantees of the Company.

(b) In an extraordinary general meeting held on December 15, 2012, the Company's shareholders approved the establishment of a Sukuk program pursuant to which the Company can issue Sukuk through one or more tranches for an amount that will not exceed the Company's paid-up capital amounting to Saudi Riyals 5 billion. As of January 22, 2013, the Group completed its initial offering under this program by issuing Sukuk with a total value of Saudi Riyals 1.5 billion. The Sukuk issued have a tenor of 7 years, and have been offered at nominal value with an expected variable return to the Sukuk-holders of 6 months SIBOR plus 1.10%. The covenants of the Sukuk require the Group to maintain certain financial and other conditions.

**7 Share capital and dividends declaration**

At December 31, 2014, the Company's share capital of Saudi Riyals 5.3 billion consists of 533.9 million fully paid shares of Saudi Riyals 10 each (December 31, 2013: Saudi Riyals 5.3 billion consisting of 533.9 million fully paid shares of Saudi Riyals 10 each). Please also refer to Note 1.

The details of interim dividends approved and final dividend proposed by the Board of Directors are as follows:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Dividend rate</u>	<u>Interim / final</u>	<u>Amount Saudi Riyals in million</u>
April 17, 2014	Saudi Riyal 0.50 per share	Interim	266.99
July 16, 2014	Saudi Riyal 0.50 per share	Interim	266.99
October 23, 2014	Saudi Riyal 0.75 per share	Interim	400.49
January 18, 2015	Saudi Riyal 0.50 per share	Final 2014	266.99

**8 Seasonal changes**

Some of the Group's activities are affected by seasonal movements related to the holy months of Ramadan, Shawwal and Hajj season, which cause revenue to increase significantly during those periods. The effect of such period for 2014 and 2013 principally fell in second and third quarters of the financial year.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

**9 Segment information**

During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the principal activities of the Group related to the Foods, Retail trading in various types of foods and related products, Plastic manufacturing (discontinued operations) and Investment and other related activities. Selected financial information as of December 31, and for the year ended on those dates, summarized by segment, is as follows:

<b>2014 (unaudited)</b>	<b>Foods</b>	<b>Retail</b>	<b>Plastic Investments (discontinued operations)</b>	<b>and other activities</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Total</b>
Property, plant and equipment- net	3,238,458	2,983,434	-	510,850	-	<b>6,732,742</b>
Other non-current assets	1,185,980	353,750	-	8,029,797	-	<b>9,569,527</b>
Revenues - net	14,591,948	12,206,007	-	61,922	(288,649)	<b>26,571,228</b>
Net income	610,285	502,616	50,286	941,356	(32,224)	<b>2,072,319</b>

  

<b>2013 (Audited)</b>	<b>Foods</b>	<b>Retail</b>	<b>Plastic Investments (discontinued operations)</b>	<b>and other activities</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	<b>Total</b>
Property, plant and equipment - net	3,375,862	1,927,769	538,557	540,770	-	<b>6,382,958</b>
Other non-current assets	869,689	333,868	135,754	8,000,204	-	<b>9,339,515</b>
Revenues - net	14,552,390	10,924,602	-	140,986	(337,260)	<b>25,280,718</b>
Net income	630,770	405,372	69,519	731,550	(132,730)	<b>1,704,481</b>

The Group's operations are conducted in Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Iran and other countries. Selected financial information as of December 31 and for the years then ended summarized by geographic area, is as follows:

<b>2014 (unaudited)</b>	<b>Saudi Arabia</b>	<b>Egypt</b>	<b>Iran</b>	<b>Other countries</b>	<b>Total</b>
Property, plant and equipment- net	4,147,520	1,637,528	719,489	228,205	<b>6,732,742</b>
Other non-current assets	8,612,613	479,584	61,747	415,583	<b>9,569,527</b>
Revenues - net	16,780,918	3,533,007	3,463,110	2,794,193	<b>26,571,228</b>
Net income (loss)	1,821,848	(34,917)	191,363	94,025	<b>2,072,319</b>

  

<b>2013 (Audited)</b>	<b>Saudi Arabia</b>	<b>Egypt</b>	<b>Iran</b>	<b>Other countries</b>	<b>Total</b>
Property, plant and equipment - net	3,622,680	1,638,428	831,805	290,045	<b>6,382,958</b>
Other non-current assets	8,386,474	550,449	81,999	320,593	<b>9,339,515</b>
Revenues – net	15,447,154	3,059,081	3,914,406	2,860,077	<b>25,280,718</b>
Net income	1,362,712	59,841	271,926	10,002	<b>1,704,481</b>

For the details of the Plastic segment refer to Note 3.

**10 Hyperinflation**

The Group has operations in Iran and Sudan through its subsidiaries namely SBeC and Savola Sudan (the entities). As per the information provided by International Monetary Fund (IMF), the cumulative three year inflation rate for Iran and Sudan exceeded 100 percent as of December 31, 2013, this, combined with other indicators, resulted Iran and Sudan being declared as hyperinflationary economies during December 2013. Iran and Sudan continue to be declared as hyperinflationary economies by IMF as at December 31, 2014.

**SAVOLA GROUP COMPANY**  
**(A Saudi Joint Stock Company)**  
**Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)**  
(All amounts in Saudi Riyals thousands unless otherwise stated)

The Group has applied the hyperinflationary accounting requirements of IAS 29 to its Iran and Sudan operations with effect from January 1, 2013. The Group continues to adopt hyperinflationary accounting at December 31, 2014 and has used the closing exchange rate at December 31, 2014 of Iranian Rials 7,248 and Sudanese Pound 1.59 to translate both the income statement and balance sheet of SBeC and Savola Sudan.

The conversion factors used to reflect current values is derived from the consumer price index (CPI), published by the World Bank and the respective Central Banks of the entities to adjust their financial information.

**11 Earnings per share**

Earnings per share for the three-month and years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, have been computed by dividing the operating income and net income attributable to shareholders of the Company for such periods by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during such periods. Also, see Note 1 and 7.

**12 Contingencies and commitments**

- (i) At December 31, 2014, the Group had outstanding commitments of Saudi Riyals 81.1 million (2013: Saudi Riyals 111 million) for investments.
- (ii) At December 31, 2014, the Department of Zakat and Income Tax (DZIT) has assessed an additional Zakat liability of Saudi Riyals 47.1 million (2013: Saudi Riyals 43.7 million) relating to prior periods against the Company and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries. Management has appealed such assessments and believes that the DZIT will eventually reverse the assessments. Accordingly, no provision for such amount has been made in the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements.